

107 學年度中區縣市政府教師甄選策略聯盟

【科目名稱：英語】

選擇題（請以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，單選題；答錯不倒扣）每題 2 分，共 100 分

I. Vocabulary and expressions: Choose the best answer to each question.

- The letter is to acknowledge the _____ of a client's request for a refund of a product.
(A) receptive (B) receipt (C) conceit (D) conceiving
- Foreign language education emphasizes much on developing learner _____, the ability to take charge of one's own learning.
(A) achievement (B) acquisition (C) allowance (D) autonomy
- Electric vehicles have had a lot of publicity recently, and nearly all major automakers are now _____ working on electric models.
(A) feverishly (B) hazardously (C) indifferently (D) reluctantly
- Iceland has recently _____ the travel bucket lists because of its gorgeous natural scenery, wildlife, and culture.
(A) boomed (B) folded (C) packed (D) topped
- My new laptop is not functioning properly: there are all sorts of _____.
(A) abuses (B) blisters (C) glitches (D) stigmas
- As negotiations now advance in the Trump-Kim summit, there is only one acceptable final outcome: complete, verifiable, _____ denuclearization.
(A) irrelevant (B) irreversible (C) unacceptable (D) unpredictable
- The _____ file is the revised revenue proposal that you have asked for.
(A) attached (B) enacted (C) migrated (D) throbbed
- The western shore of the Pacific has been the fastest-growing _____ in the world for the past half century.
(A) country (B) ocean (C) population (D) region
- In multicultural classrooms, cooperative learning can help students draw on primary language resources as they develop second language skills.
(A) use (B) abandon (C) accumulate (D) illiterate
- Taking into account the cognitive demands that content learning implies, he proposes a model for language teaching.
(A) Ignoring (B) Despite (C) Considering (D) Excluding

II. Grammar: Choose the best answer to each question.

- The terms in this employment contract include nothing about your benefits. If I were you, I _____ this contract.
(A) will not sign (B) shall sign (C) would have signed (D) would not sign
- My colleague wants to know _____ I can deal with the whole client reception.
(A) which (B) that (C) whether (D) whom
- _____ job seekers offer more attractive resumes, they may be buried among piles of application letters.
(A) Unless (B) Until (C) As (D) While
- Our guest _____; we had better clean up the room right now.
(A) will arriving (B) will have arrived (C) will be arrived (D) will be arriving
- She wrote nearly a dozen books, _____ were published at that time.
(A) none to which (B) none of which (C) either of which (D) few as which
- Nobody from my neighborhood _____ to care about the littering problem.
(A) seems (B) has been seemed (C) are seeming (D) have seemed
- On this day, we gather because we have chosen unity of purpose _____ conflict and discord.
(A) along (B) behind (C) over (D) toward
- When students read texts, they must be able to recognize logical connectors and the situations _____ they appear.
(A) by which (B) in which (C) so that (D) thus
- They've done the hard work of transitioning to democracy, with all the sacrifice and compromise that entails. _____, they've earned the rewards.
(A) As a result (B) Otherwise (C) In addition to (D) Tentatively
- If learners are provided with fluency tasks, their accuracy in speaking and writing develops gradually. _____, if learners concentrate on accuracy exercises, their fluency will probably fail to develop satisfactorily.
(A) Additionally (B) Conversely (C) Therefore (D) Inevitably

Four years ago, a woman 21 was hit by a car in London. She needed emergency surgery to reduce the pressure on her brain. Her surgeon, Chris Mansi, remembers the operation going well. But she died, and Mr. Mansi wanted to know why. He discovered that the problem had been a four-hour delay in getting her from the accident and emergency unit of the hospital where she was first brought, to the operating theatre in his own hospital. That, 22, was the result of a delay in identifying, from medical scans of her head, that she had a large blood clot in her brain and was in need of immediate treatment. It is to try to avoid repetitions of this sort of delay that Mr. Mansi has helped set up a firm called Viz.ai. The firm's purpose is to use machine learning, a form of artificial intelligence (AI), to tell those patients who need urgent attention 23 those who may safely wait, by analyzing scans of their brains made on admission.

That idea is one among myriad projects now 24 with the aim of using machine learning to transform how doctors deal with patients. 25, these projects have a common aim. This is to get the right patient to the right doctor at the right time.

21. (A) in her early thirty (B) in early thirty (C) in her early thirties (D) early in her thirties
 22. (A) in turn (B) of turn (C) turn into (D) turn in
 23. (A) to (B) by (C) from (D) for
 24. (A) under a way (B) under way (C) in way (D) by way
 25. (A) Though in diverse detail (B) Though in detail diverse (C) Diverse in though detail (D) Though diverse in detail

III. Cloze: Choose the answer that best fits the text.

Jack Dobbs champions music, not only for the enjoyment it can bring, but also as a 26 by which greater awareness and sensitivity to other cultures can be developed. He believes that through music students may be brought out of their limited worldviews and given positive 27 various musical styles, themes, structures, rhythmic groupings, and the like from around the world. Not only does he advocate 28 students to a variety of musical experiences, he also 29 that they should be introduced to social perceptions about those experiences and how they 30 other art forms 31 a given culture. 32, students might be encouraged to extend their 33 and perhaps even pursue serious study of another culture. Although language development is not directly addressed in relation to music, one can 34 several ways by which such development may be promoted through discussion and sometimes by the music itself when it 35 lyrics in the target language.

26. (A) mean (B) means (C) meaning (D) meaningful
 27. (A) encounter by (B) encounters by (C) encounter with (D) encounters with
 28. (A) expose (B) exposure (C) exposed (D) exposing
 29. (A) feel (B) feels (C) felt (D) feeling
 30. (A) relate to (B) relating to (C) related to (D) in relation to
 31. (A) with (B) without (C) within (D) withstanding
 32. (A) Hence (B) However (C) Whatever (D) Anyway
 33. (A) interest in (B) interests of (C) interesting in (D) interest of
 34. (A) conceiving (B) conceive as (C) conceive in (D) conceive of
 35. (A) contain (B) contains (C) contained (D) containing

IV. Reading Comprehension: Choose the best answer to each question.

In 1902, a volcano in the Caribbean island of Martinique blew up. A French naval officer on the scene, Lt. George Hébert managed to coordinate the rescue of over 700 people. He noticed, as he did so, how people moved, some well, some badly, around the obstacles in their path, and how this affected their chances of survival. Hébert had travelled widely and was well aware of skills many indigenous people exhibited in being able to traverse the natural environment. From these experiences, Hébert developed a training discipline which he called 'the natural method' in which climbing, jumping and running techniques were used to negotiate obstacles. His method was adopted by the French military and became the basis for all their training. In time, it became known as parkour – *parcours du combattant* – the path of the warrior.

Parkour involves a range of 'moves,' although none are official. They involve vaulting, jumping and landing accurately on small and narrow features, catching ledges, traversing high wall and landing with a rolling impact to absorb impacts. From the late 1990s, the art and sport of parkour spread worldwide. In 2003, filmmaker Mike Christie made the film *Jump London*, and urban freerunning, or freeflow, began to dominate the London scene. But it was the arrival of YouTube in 2005 that really brought freerunning to a global audience. People around the world began to post their videos online, making freerunning a mainstream sport, and in 2007, the first major freerunning and parkour competition was held in Vienna.

Since parkour values freedom, there are few facilities dedicated to the practice. Parkour participants are also known as Traceurs and they use both rural and urban areas, typically parks, offices and abandoned buildings. Traceurs generally respect the environment they practice in, and since part of their philosophy is 'leave no trace,' there have been few concerns over damage to property. However, law enforcement and fire and rescue teams argue that freerunners are risking their lives needlessly, especially when they practice at height. However, practitioners argue that injuries are rare, because they rely on their own hands and feet rather than things out of their immediate control, such as ice and wheels, as is the case with skiing and race-driving.

36. What is the main theme of this passage ?
- (A) A volcano erupting event.
 (B) The development of a sport.
 (C) How Lt. Hébert saved people.
 (D) How dangerous freerunning is.
37. What did Hébert call his training discipline for getting quickly over obstacles ?
- (A) Parcours du combatant.
 (B) Freerunning or freeflow.
 (C) The natural method.
 (D) The path of the warrior.
38. Which physical exercises were used in Hébert's regimen ?
- (A) Vaulting, jumping, and landing.
 (B) Cycling, climbing, and jumping.
 (C) Running, climbing, and jumping.
 (D) Jumping, running, and swimming.
39. What are typical rural and urban locations for Parkour ?
- (A) Volcano areas, mountains, and trees.
 (B) Parks, offices, and abandoned buildings.
 (C) Downtown streets, sidewalks, and walls.
 (D) Beach, bike paths, and grassy areas.
40. Which of the following statements is true ?
- (A) Parkour was the military training for Caribbean soldiers.
 (B) A large number of injuries were reported in freerunning.
 (C) Traceurs usually leave damages to the environment they practice in.
 (D) Freerunning became popular in the world because of the Internet.

The classroom environment plays a critical role in comprehension and production. If students are **overwhelmed** by the enormity of a task, pressured by time, and oriented to production, they are unlikely to do well. The teacher is responsible for establishing and maintaining an instructional environment where literature is presented in comprehensible and manageable segments; where lessons are paced to focus on comprehension and not on getting through the syllabus; where the language skills of reading, writing, and speaking are integrated; and where errors are viewed as natural by-products of attempts to use language. In such an atmosphere, students, even with limited English language proficiency, can and do flourish.

41. What is the main idea of the passage ?
- (A) Classroom teachers usually are pressured by time to get through the syllabus.
 (B) Students of limited English language proficiency are usually overwhelmed by many tasks and need to finish them as soon as possible.
 (C) Comprehension and production are the most important tasks in a literature classroom.
 (D) Teachers need to create classroom environments where comprehension is focused and language skills are integrated.
42. What does the word overwhelmed in the passage mean ?
- (A) devastated
 (B) pleased
 (C) manipulated
 (D) interested
43. According to the passage, which of the following is correct ?
- (A) It is more important to get through the syllabus than focus on comprehension.
 (B) It is natural for students to have errors when they try to use the language.
 (C) Students should be pushed to produce language so they may comprehend it.
 (D) For students with limited English language proficiency to flourish is not possible.
44. According to the passage, which of the following should a teacher do to help students comprehend and produce language ?
- (A) Have students work on many different kinds of tasks in a short period of time.
 (B) Design tasks that are oriented to language productions.
 (C) Focus on developing language skills individually.
 (D) Allow student errors when they attempt to use language.

A new Pew Research Center survey of U.S. adults finds that the social media landscape in early 2018 is defined by a mix of long-standing trends and newly emerging narratives. Facebook and YouTube dominate this landscape, as notable majorities of U.S. adults use each of these sites. At the same time, younger Americans (especially those ages 18 to 24) stand out for embracing a variety of platforms and using them frequently. Some 78% of 18- to 24-year-olds use Snapchat, and a sizeable majority of these users (71%) visit the platform multiple times per day. Similarly, 71% of Americans in this age group now use Instagram and close to half (45%) are Twitter users.

As has been seen since the Center began surveying about the use of different social media in 2012, Facebook remains the primary platform for most Americans. Roughly two-thirds of U.S. adults (68%) now report that they are Facebook users, and roughly three-quarters of those users access Facebook on a daily basis. With the exception of those 65 and older, a majority of Americans across a wide range of demographic groups now use Facebook. But the social media story extends well beyond Facebook. The video-sharing site YouTube – which contains many social elements, even if it is not a traditional social media platform – is now used by nearly three-quarters of U.S. adults and 94% of 18- to 24-year-olds. And the typical (median) American reports that they use three of the eight major platforms that the Center measured in the survey.

45. Which of the following is the best title for the passage ?
- (A) Survey Findings of Social Media Use in the U.S.
 - (B) The Uses of Facebook and YouTube Are on the Rise
 - (C) The Differences between Facebook and YouTube Users
 - (D) The Untold Story of Social Media in the U.S.
46. Which of the following statements about Facebook is true ?
- (A) It has been the most popular social media in the U.S. since 2012.
 - (B) Three-quarters of U.S. adults use it on a daily basis.
 - (C) The majority of the adult users over 65 years old in the U.S. now use Facebook.
 - (D) None of the above.
47. Which of the following statements about YouTube is true ?
- (A) It tells the story of social media development in the U.S.
 - (B) YouTube, along with Facebook, dominates social media landscape in the U.S.
 - (C) It is one of the traditional platforms of social media.
 - (D) 94% of adults in the U.S. use YouTube.
48. Which of the following statements about Snapchat is true ?
- (A) The majority of Snapchat users are American adults under 18 years old.
 - (B) Some 94% of 18- to 24-year-olds in the U.S. use Snapchat.
 - (C) Nearly 78% of 18- to 24-year-olds in the U.S. use Snapchat.
 - (D) 71% of 18- to 24-year-olds in the U.S. visit Snapchat multiple times per day.
49. Which of the following statements about Instagram is true ?
- (A) Close to half (45%) 18- to 24-year-olds in the U.S. are Instagram users.
 - (B) It is the most popular social media platform in the U.S.
 - (C) 71% of Americans between 18- to 24-year-olds now use Instagram.
 - (D) A majority of Americans across a wide range of demographic groups now use Instagram.
50. What can we infer from the passage ?
- (A) The choices of social media by young and old American adults will converge eventually.
 - (B) Facebook stands firm as the top choice of social media across a wide range of demographic groups.
 - (C) More and more people are using Twitter as President Donald Trump likes it so much.
 - (D) New landscape of social media may be emerging as groups across different demographic backgrounds are now using different kinds of social media.

【試題結束】